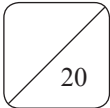
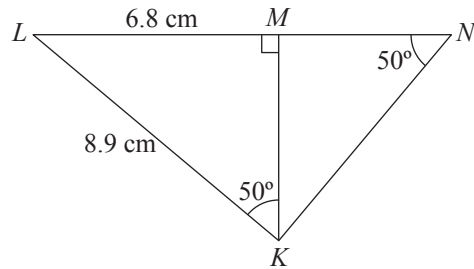


Revision Test 2

Duration: 40 minutes



1.



In the diagram, LMN is a straight line. $ML = 6.8$ cm, $LK = 8.9$ cm, $\angle LMK = 90^\circ$ and $\angle MNK = \angle LKM = 50^\circ$.

- (a) Calculate the length of MK .
- (b) Name a pair of triangles that is similar to $\triangle LMK$.
- (c) Calculate the length of MN .

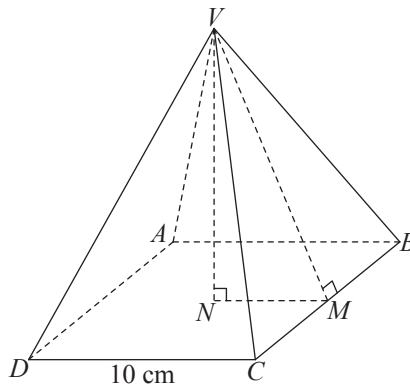
Give your answers correct to one decimal place when necessary.

Answer (a) $MK =$ _____ cm [2]

(b) _____ and _____ [1]

(c) $MN =$ _____ cm [2]

2.



The diagram shows a square pyramid of side 10 cm. Given that M is the midpoint of BC and the volume of the pyramid is 400 cm^3 , find

- (a) the length of VN , the height of the pyramid,
- (b) the length of VM , the altitude of triangle VCB ,
- (c) the total surface area of the pyramid.

Answer (a) $VN = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ cm [2]

(b) $VM = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ cm [2]

(c) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ cm^2 [3]

3. 35 pupils were given 5 multiple choice questions in a Mathematics quiz. The scores were recorded in the table below.

Scores	0	1	2	3	4	5
Number of pupils	2	5	10	n	8	3

Find

- (a) the value of n ,
- (b) the modal score,
- (c) the median score,
- (d) the mean score, correct to 3 significant figures.

A pupil is chosen at random. Find the probability of choosing

- (e) a pupil who scored 2,
- (f) a pupil who scored at least 2 but not more than 4.

Answer (a) $n =$ _____ [1]

(b) _____ [1]

(c) _____ [1]

(d) _____ [2]

(e) _____ [1]

(f) _____ [2]

–End–

Solutions to Revision Test 2

1. (a) $MK^2 = LK^2 - ML^2$
 $= 8.9^2 - 6.8^2$ [1]
 $= 32.97$
 $MK = \sqrt{32.97}$
 $= 5.742$
 ≈ 5.7 cm (1 d.p.) [1]
- (b) $\triangle KMN$ and $\triangle LKN$ [1]
- (c) Since $\triangle KMN$ and $\triangle LMK$ are similar,
 $\frac{MN}{MK} = \frac{MK}{ML}$
 $MN = \frac{5.742}{6.8} \times 5.742$ [1]
 $= 4.849$
 ≈ 4.8 cm (1 d.p.) [1]
2. (a) Volume of the pyramid = 400 cm^3
 $\frac{1}{3} \times \text{area of } ABCD \times \text{height} = 400$
 $\frac{1}{3} \times 10 \times 10 \times VN = 400$ [1]
 $VN = 12$ cm [1]
- (b) $VM^2 = VN^2 + NM^2$
 $= 12^2 + 5^2$
 $= 169$ [1]
 $VM = 13$ cm [1]
- (c) Total surface area of the pyramid
 $= 4 \times \text{area of } \triangle VCB + \text{area of } ABCD$
 $= 4 \times \frac{1}{2} \times VM \times BC + CD^2$
 $= 2 \times 13 \times 10 + 10^2$ [2]
 $= 360 \text{ cm}^2$ [1]
3. (a) Total number of pupils = 35
 $2 + 5 + 10 + n + 8 + 3 = 35$
 $n = 7$ [1]
- (b) Modal score = 2 [1]
- (c) Position of median = $\frac{35 + 1}{2}$ th
 $= 18$ th
 Median score = 3 [1]
- (d) Mean score
 $= \frac{0(2) + 1(5) + 2(10) + 3(7) + 4(8) + 5(3)}{35}$ [1]
 $= 2.66$ (3 s.f.) [1]
- (e) $P(\text{score} = 2) = \frac{10}{35}$
 $= \frac{2}{7}$ [1]
- (f) $P(\text{score} = 2, 3 \text{ or } 4) = \frac{10 + 7 + 8}{35}$ [1]
 $= \frac{5}{7}$ [1]